DETERMINATION OF SERUM PROTEIN FRACTIONS

INTRODUCTION
The method allows determination of relative amounts of albumin and globulins in human serum using capillary electrophoresis methods.

MEASUREMENT METHOD
Determination of albumin and globulins of the human serum is based on their migration and separation in the electric field due to different electrophoretic mobility. Identification and quantitative determination of the analysed proteins is performed by direct detection by measuring the UV absorption at 215 nm wavelength.

REFERENCE VALUES OF PROTEIN FRACTIONS DISTRIBUTION IN BLOOD SERUM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fraction</th>
<th>Percent of total protein content, %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>γ-globulin (γ-Gl)</td>
<td>10.7–19.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>β-globulin (β-Gl)</td>
<td>8.6–13.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>α₂-globulin (α₂-Gl)</td>
<td>5.2–10.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>α₁-globulin (α₁-Gl)</td>
<td>3.7–7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albumin (Alb)</td>
<td>54.7–68.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EQUIPMENT AND REAGENTS
The “CAPEL®-105/105M” capillary electrophoresis system is used in measurements. Data acquisition, collection, processing and output are performed using a personal computer running under “WINDOWS® 2000/XP” operating system with installed dedicated software package for acquisition and processing of chromatography data.

Example of a real analysis:
Buffer: borate (pH 9.2), with SDS
Capillary: L_{eff}/L_{tot} 50/60 cm, ID 75 μm
Injection: 150 mbar x sec
Voltage: + 15 kV
Detection: 215 nm, direct

Sample: human serum (normal)

ADVANTAGES OF CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS METHOD
Compared with other methods for determination of serum proteins using electrophoresis and acetate cellulose and agarose gels, capillary electrophoresis has several advantages:
- no special sample preparation;
- real-time detection;
- easy to make;
- quantitative determination;
- low analysis cost.

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